CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1173

Chapter 344, Laws of 2023

(partial veto)

68th Legislature 2023 Regular Session

WIND ENERGY FACILITIES-LIGHT POLLUTION

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 23, 2023

Passed by the House April 14, 2023 Yeas 95 Nays 1

LAURIE JINKINS

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 7, 2023 Yeas 48 Nays 1

DENNY HECK

President of the Senate

Approved May 9, 2023 10:40 AM with the exception of sections 3 and 9, which are vetoed.

CERTIFICATE

I, Bernard Dean, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1173 as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

BERNARD DEAN

Chief Clerk

FILED

May 10, 2023

JAY INSLEE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1173

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2023 Regular Session

State of Washington 68th Legislature 2023 Regular Session

By House Environment & Energy (originally sponsored by Representatives Connors, Klicker, and Rude)

READ FIRST TIME 02/03/23.

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AN ACT Relating to reducing light pollution associated with certain energy infrastructure; amending RCW 43.21B.110; adding a new section to chapter 36.01 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.21C RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 70A RCW; prescribing penalties; and declaring an emergency.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. The definitions in this section apply 8 throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires 9 otherwise.

10 (1) "Aircraft detection lighting system" means a sensor-based 11 system that:

(a) Is designed to detect approaching aircraft;

(b) Automatically activates appropriate obstruction lights untilthe lights are no longer needed by the aircraft; and

15 (c) The federal aviation administration has approved as meeting 16 the requirements set forth in chapter 10 of the federal aviation 17 administration's 2020 advisory circular AC 70/7460-1M, "Obstruction 18 marking and lighting."

19 (2) "Department" means the department of ecology.

(3) "Hub height" means the distance from the ground to the middleof a wind turbine's rotor.

1 (4) "Light-mitigating technology system" means aircraft detection 2 lighting or another federal aviation administration-approved system 3 capable of reducing the impact of aviation obstruction lighting while 4 maintaining conspicuity sufficient to assist aircraft in identifying 5 and avoiding collision with a utility-scale wind energy facility.

6 (5) "Repowering" means a rebuild or refurbishment of a turbine or 7 facility that is required due to the turbine or facility reaching the 8 end of its useful life or useful reasonable economic life. The 9 rebuild or refurbishment does not constitute repowering if it is part 10 of routine major maintenance or the maintenance of or replacement of 11 equipment that does not materially affect the expected physical or 12 economical life of the turbine or facility.

13 (6) "Utility-scale wind energy facility" means a facility used in 14 the generation of electricity by means of turbines or other devices 15 that capture and employ the kinetic energy of the wind and:

16 (a) Is required under federal aviation administration 17 regulations, guidelines, circulars, or standards, as they existed as 18 of January 1, 2023, to have obstruction lights; or

19 (b) Has at least one obstruction light and at least one wind 20 turbine with a hub height of at least 75 feet above ground level.

21 Sec. 2. (1) Except as provided in section 3 of NEW SECTION. 22 this act, beginning July 1, 2023, no new utility-scale wind energy facility with five or more turbines shall commence operations unless 23 24 the developer, owner, or operator of the facility applies to the federal aviation administration for installation of a light-25 mitigating technology system that complies with federal aviation 26 27 administration regulations, as they existed as of the effective date of this section. If approved by the federal aviation administration, 28 the developer, owner, or operator of such utility-scale wind energy 29 30 facility shall install the light-mitigating technology system on approved turbines within 24 months after receipt of such approval. If 31 not approved by the federal aviation administration, the developer, 32 owner, or operator of such utility-scale wind energy facility is not 33 subject to this chapter. 34

35 (2) Except as provided in section 3 of this act, beginning 36 January 1, 2028, or upon the completion of repowering, whichever is 37 earlier, any developer, owner, or operator of a utility-scale wind 38 energy facility with five or more turbines that has commenced 39 operations without an aircraft detection lighting system shall apply

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1 to the federal aviation administration for installation and operation of a light-mitigating technology system that achieves comparable 2 light mitigation outcomes to an aircraft detection lighting system 3 and that complies with federal aviation administration regulations, 4 as they existed as of the effective date of this section. If approved 5 6 by the federal aviation administration, the developer, owner, or operator of such utility-scale wind energy facility shall install the 7 light-mitigating technology system on approved turbines within 24 8 months following such approval. If not approved by the federal 9 aviation administration, the developer, owner, or operator of such 10 11 utility-scale wind energy facility is not subject to this chapter.

12 (3) A developer, owner, or operator of a utility-scale wind 13 energy facility shall comply with any wind energy ordinance adopted 14 by a legislative authority of a county pursuant to section 3 of this 15 act.

16 (4) Nothing in this section requires mitigation of light 17 pollution to be carried out in a manner that conflicts with federal 18 requirements, including requirements of the federal aviation 19 administration or the United States department of defense.

20 *<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 36.01
21 RCW to read as follows:

22 (1) A legislative authority of any county may adopt a wind energy ordinance that includes specifications for aviation obstruction 23 24 light-mitigating technology systems. In adopting an ordinance under 25 this section, the county legislative authority shall consider whether affected wind energy facilities have caused, or will cause, light 26 27 impacts requiring mitigation. Additional criteria related to the selection of light-mitigating technology systems may include the 28 costs associated with the installation of such a system, the economic 29 30 impact to a developer, owner, or operator of the installation of such a system, conditions under which light mitigation is required, and 31 the type of system that best serves the public interest of the 32 county. Nothing in this section authorizes a county to deny a permit 33 application for a wind energy facility where the use of a light-34 mitigating technology system is not allowed by the federal aviation 35 administration, United States department of defense, or if it is 36 37 determined by the county to be impracticable.

(2) The definitions in section 1 of this act apply throughout
 this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. (1) A violation of the requirements of 2 this chapter is punishable by a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 per day 3 per violation. Penalties are appealable to the pollution control 4 hearings board.

5 (2)(a) The department may enforce the requirements of this 6 chapter.

(b) Enforcement of this chapter by the department must rely on 7 notification and information exchange between the department and 8 9 utility-scale wind energy facility owners or operators. The department must prepare and distribute information regarding this 10 chapter to utility-scale wind energy facility owners and operators to 11 12 help facility owners and operators in their advance planning to meet the deadlines. 13

14 (c)(i) If the department obtains information that a facility is 15 in compliance with the requirements of this chapter, the not 16 department may issue a notification letter by certified mail to the facility owner or operator and offer information or other appropriate 17 assistance regarding compliance with this chapter. If compliance is 18 19 not achieved within 60 days of the issuance of a notification letter 20 under this subsection, the department may assess penalties under this 21 section.

(ii) The department may delay any combination of the issuance of a notification letter under this subsection (2)(c), the 60-day period in which compliance with the requirements of this chapter must be achieved, or the imposition of penalties for good cause shown due to:

(A) Supply chain constraints, including lack of light-mitigatingtechnology system availability;

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(B) Lack of contractor availability;

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(C) Lighting system permitting delays; or

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(D) Technological feasibility considerations.

31 (3) A utility-scale wind energy facility owner or operator of a facility that has commenced operations prior to January 1, 2023, that 32 applies for the approval of a light-mitigating technology system to 33 the federal aviation administration prior to January 1, 2027, but 34 that has not received a determination to approve the system by the 35 federal aviation administration as of July 1, 2027, may not be 36 37 assessed a penalty under this chapter until at least 24 months after the federal aviation administration issues its determination on the 38

application of the utility-scale wind energy facility's proposed
 light-mitigating technology system.

3 (4) The department may adopt by rule a light mitigation standard 4 that references a more recent version of any federal requirements 5 referenced in section 2 of this act in order to maintain consistency 6 between this chapter and federal aviation administration 7 requirements.

8 Sec. 5. RCW 43.21B.110 and 2022 c 180 s 812 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

(1) The hearings board shall only have jurisdiction to hear and decide appeals from the following decisions of the department, the director, local conservation districts, the air pollution control boards or authorities as established pursuant to chapter 70A.15 RCW, local health departments, the department of natural resources, the department of fish and wildlife, the parks and recreation commission, and authorized public entities described in chapter 79.100 RCW:

(a) Civil penalties imposed pursuant to RCW 18.104.155,
70A.15.3160, 70A.300.090, 70A.20.050, 70A.530.040, 70A.350.070,
70A.515.060, 70A.245.040, 70A.245.050, 70A.245.070, 70A.245.080,
70A.65.200, 70A.455.090, section 4 of this act, 76.09.170, 77.55.440,
78.44.250, 88.46.090, 90.03.600, 90.46.270, 90.48.144, 90.56.310,
90.56.330, and 90.64.102.

(b) Orders issued pursuant to RCW 18.104.043, 18.104.060,
43.27A.190, 70A.15.2520, 70A.15.3010, 70A.300.120, 70A.350.070,
70A.245.020, 70A.65.200, 86.16.020, 88.46.070, 90.14.130, 90.46.250,
90.48.120, and 90.56.330.

27 (c) Except as provided in RCW 90.03.210(2), the issuance, 28 modification, or termination of any permit, certificate, or license by the department or any air authority in the exercise of its 29 30 jurisdiction, including the issuance or termination of a waste 31 disposal permit, the denial of an application for a waste disposal permit, the modification of the conditions or the terms of a waste 32 disposal permit, or a decision to approve or deny an application for 33 a solid waste permit exemption under RCW 70A.205.260. 34

35 (d) Decisions of local health departments regarding the grant or
 36 denial of solid waste permits pursuant to chapter 70A.205 RCW.

37 (e) Decisions of local health departments regarding the issuance
 38 and enforcement of permits to use or dispose of biosolids under RCW
 39 70A.226.090.

1 (f) Decisions of the department regarding waste-derived 2 fertilizer or micronutrient fertilizer under RCW 15.54.820, and 3 decisions of the department regarding waste-derived soil amendments 4 under RCW 70A.205.145.

5 (g) Decisions of local conservation districts related to the 6 denial of approval or denial of certification of a dairy nutrient 7 management plan; conditions contained in a plan; application of any 8 dairy nutrient management practices, standards, methods, and 9 technologies to a particular dairy farm; and failure to adhere to the 10 plan review and approval timelines in RCW 90.64.026.

(h) Any other decision by the department or an air authority which pursuant to law must be decided as an adjudicative proceeding under chapter 34.05 RCW.

14 (i) Decisions of the department of natural resources, the 15 department of fish and wildlife, and the department that are 16 reviewable under chapter 76.09 RCW, and the department of natural 17 resources' appeals of county, city, or town objections under RCW 18 76.09.050(7).

(j) Forest health hazard orders issued by the commissioner of public lands under RCW 76.06.180.

(k) Decisions of the department of fish and wildlife to issue, deny, condition, or modify a hydraulic project approval permit under chapter 77.55 RCW, to issue a stop work order, to issue a notice to comply, to issue a civil penalty, or to issue a notice of intent to disapprove applications.

26 (1) Decisions of the department of natural resources that are 27 reviewable under RCW 78.44.270.

(m) Decisions of an authorized public entity under RCW 79.100.010 to take temporary possession or custody of a vessel or to contest the amount of reimbursement owed that are reviewable by the hearings board under RCW 79.100.120.

32 (n) Decisions of the department of ecology that are appealable 33 under RCW 70A.245.020 to set recycled minimum postconsumer content 34 for covered products or to temporarily exclude types of covered 35 products in plastic containers from minimum postconsumer recycled 36 content requirements.

37 (o) Orders by the department of ecology under RCW 70A.455.080.

38 (2) The following hearings shall not be conducted by the hearings 39 board:

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(a) Hearings required by law to be conducted by the shorelines
 hearings board pursuant to chapter 90.58 RCW.

3 (b) Hearings conducted by the department pursuant to RCW
4 70A.15.3010, 70A.15.3070, 70A.15.3080, 70A.15.3090, 70A.15.3100,
5 70A.15.3110, and 90.44.180.

6 (c) Appeals of decisions by the department under RCW 90.03.110 7 and 90.44.220.

8 (d) Hearings conducted by the department to adopt, modify, or 9 repeal rules.

10 (3) Review of rules and regulations adopted by the hearings board 11 shall be subject to review in accordance with the provisions of the 12 administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW.

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 43.21C 14 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Actions to mitigate light pollution at a utility-scale wind energy facility as required under section 2 of this act, are categorically exempt from the requirements of this chapter.

18 (2) For the purposes of this section, "utility-scale wind energy19 facility" has the same meaning as defined in section 1 of this act.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. Sections 1, 2, and 4 of this act 21 constitute a new chapter in Title 70A RCW.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. If any provision of this act or its 23 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 24 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other 25 persons or circumstances is not affected.

26 *<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. This act is necessary for the immediate 27 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of 28 the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes 29 effect immediately.

*Sec. 9 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

Passed by the House April 14, 2023. Passed by the Senate April 7, 2023. Approved by the Governor May 9, 2023, with the exception of certain items that were vetoed. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 10, 2023.

Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:

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"I am returning herewith, without my approval as to Sections 3 and 9, Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1173 entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to reducing light pollution associated with certain energy infrastructure."

This bill generally provides clear requirements for installation of FAA-approved light-mitigation systems on both existing and new wind energy facilities. However, Section 3 adds a confusing layer of direction for local governments by stating that they may adopt ordinances that may include specifications for light-mitigating systems. The provision is confusing because it states such ordinances may contain criteria including "conditions under which light mitigation is required", but the underlying bill makes clear that all wind energy facilities require light mitigation. Additionally, such ordinances could dictate which particular light mitigation system a facility-operator must use and could create a patchwork of different requirements that vary by jurisdiction. The bill delivers clearer and more consistent light-mitigation benefits for communities without Section 3.

Section 9 is an emergency clause. However, the requirements of this bill are not "necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions".

For these reasons I have vetoed Sections 3 and 9 of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1173.

With the exception of Sections 3 and 9, Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1173 is approved."

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